

## 2 Peter Multiple Choice Final Exam

### Questions

1. Who is the author of the Book of 2 Peter? a) Paul  
b) John  
c) Peter  
d) James
2. To whom is 2 Peter addressed? a) The church in Rome  
b) The elders of Ephesus  
c) Believers in various regions  
d) The apostles
3. What does Peter emphasize in 2 Peter 1:3? a) The end of the world  
b) The sufficiency of God's power  
c) The authority of the law  
d) The wisdom of the world
4. What should believers add to their faith according to 2 Peter 1:5-7? a) Knowledge  
b) Virtue  
c) Love  
d) All of the above
5. What is the main reason Peter writes this letter? a) To rich people  
b) To encourage believers  
c) To provide a list of rules  
d) To preach the gospel
6. What does Peter say about false teachers in 2 Peter 2:1? a) They will be swift to follow God  
b) They secretly bring destruction  
c) They are easy to recognize  
d) They are well-liked by everyone
7. In 2 Peter 2:19, what do the false teachers promise? a) Wealth  
b) Freedom  
c) Knowledge  
d) Prosperity
8. What historical example does Peter use to illustrate judgment in 2 Peter 2? a) The fall of Jerusalem  
b) The flood of Noah  
c) The exodus from Egypt  
d) The Babylonian captivity
9. How are the believers described in 2 Peter 3:9? a) As lost  
b) As chosen

- c) As beloved
- d) As hypocrites

10. What is the "day of the Lord" described as in 2 Peter 3:10? a) A time of peace  
b) A time of joy  
c) A time of destruction  
d) A time of harvest

11. What does Peter urge his readers to do in 2 Peter 3:14? a) To be diligent  
b) To be skeptical  
c) To run away  
d) To argue

12. In 2 Peter 1:12-15, what does Peter express an intention to do? a) Teach new doctrines  
b) Remind them of the truth  
c) Challenge their faith  
d) Leave the church

13. How does Peter describe the prophets in 2 Peter 1:21? a) As false  
b) As men of the world  
c) As moved by the Holy Spirit  
d) As scholars

14. What quality does Peter say will make one effective and productive in their knowledge of Jesus Christ? a) Good deeds  
b) Knowledge  
c) Virtue  
d) Faith

15. Who does Peter say will be punished alongside false teachers in 2 Peter 2? a) The rich  
b) The devout  
c) The angels who sinned  
d) The Jewish leaders

16. What does Peter say Christians should look forward to in 2 Peter 3:13? a) A new temple  
b) A new Earth  
c) A new synagogue  
d) A new Jerusalem

17. According to 2 Peter 2:15, who did Balaam follow? a) The king of Moab  
b) The will of the Lord  
c) His own desires  
d) The path of righteousness

18. What did Peter use as examples of God's judgment in 2 Peter 2? a) Pharaoh and his army  
b) The Israelites and their kings

- c) The angels who left their proper dwelling and the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah
- d) The early Christians

19. In which chapter does Peter mention the "stag of the days" and the "elements melting?" a) Chapter 1  
b) Chapter 2  
c) Chapter 3  
d) Chapter 4

20. What knowledge is primarily emphasized in 2 Peter? a) Knowledge of worldly things  
b) Knowledge of history  
c) Knowledge of the truth of God  
d) Knowledge of the law

21. According to 2 Peter 1:8, what will increase in believers if they possess certain qualities? a) Their spiritual growth  
b) Their influence over others  
c) Their joy  
d) Their financial stability

22. What does Peter affirm about the divine power of God in 2 Peter 1:3? a) It brings wealth  
b) It gives comfort to the wealthy  
c) It provides everything needed for life and godliness  
d) It ensures a long life

23. Which phrase describes the nature of Peter's message in 2 Peter 1:16? a) Fables  
b) The truth of the gospel  
c) A new revelation  
d) Human wisdom

24. What does Peter say in 2 Peter 1:4 about the promises of God? a) They are untrustworthy  
b) They lead to distraction  
c) They enable believers to partake in the divine nature  
d) They are irrelevant

25. In 2 Peter 3:1, Peter refers to his second letter as: a) A warning  
b) A reminder  
c) A vision  
d) A prophecy

26. What did the false teachers deny, according to 2 Peter 2:1? a) The love of God  
b) The lordship of Jesus Christ  
c) The resurrection of the dead  
d) The power of the Spirit

27. In 2 Peter 3:9, what does Peter say God is not willing to do? a) Destroy the Earth  
b) Leave his people

- c) Let anyone perish
- d) Punish sinners

28. What is one of the traits that Peter encourages believers to have in 2 Peter 1:6? a) Humility  
b) Patience  
c) Godliness  
d) All of the above

29. How does Peter say one can escape the corruption of the world in 2 Peter 1:4? a) Through faith  
b) By accumulating wealth  
c) By following the law  
d) Through wisdom

30. In 2 Peter 3:10, what is described as coming like a thief? a) God's judgment  
b) The day of the Lord  
c) The second coming of Christ  
d) Salvation

31. What does Peter encourage in relation to false teachers in 2 Peter 2:2? a) To imitate them  
b) To ignore them  
c) Not to be deceived by them  
d) To support them

32. What does Peter evoke as a reminder of the past in 2 Peter 2:6? a) The fall of Babylon  
b) The destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah  
c) The plagues of Egypt  
d) The deliverance from Egypt

33. In 2 Peter 1:11, what does Peter assure will be given to the believers? a) A crown of wealth  
b) An abundant entry into the eternal kingdom  
c) Safety from persecution  
d) Clearer visions

34. What does Peter refer to when he speaks of the "new heavens and a new earth" in 2 Peter 3:13? a) The future glory of the church  
b) The restored creation  
c) The resting place of believers  
d) The physical realm

35. What's the ultimate goal of knowledge according to 2 Peter 1:8? a) Leadership  
b) Salvation  
c) Fruitfulness in the knowledge of Jesus  
d) Understanding the law

36. According to 2 Peter 2:10, what is the character of those who despise authority? a) Fearful  
b) Self-willed

- c) Kind-hearted
- d) Intelligent

37. In ch. 1, how does Peter describe his eyewitness account of Christ's majesty? a) As a mere tale  
b) As confirmation of God's word  
c) As influenced by the crowd  
d) As irrelevant to the message

38. According to 2 Peter 3:8, how does Peter characterize time for the Lord? a) Slow  
b) Uncertain  
c) Eternal  
d) Fickle

39. What does Peter say about the prophets in 2 Peter 1:20? a) They prophesied on their own  
b) Their prophecies are not to be trusted  
c) They spoke from God  
d) They were false

40. How does Peter describe the Spirit in 2 Peter 1:21? a) As untrustworthy  
b) As one who guides men  
c) As silent  
d) As corrupt

41. What does Peter advocate for against false teachers in 2 Peter 2:3? a) Ignoring them  
b) Publicly exposing them  
c) Being vigilant against their destructive ways  
d) Following their teachings

42. According to 2 Peter 1:1, how does Peter define himself? a) An apostle of the Lord  
b) A servant and apostle of Jesus Christ  
c) A teacher of the law  
d) A prophet of old

43. In 2 Peter 3:4, what do scoffers question? a) Jesus' authority  
b) God's existence  
c) The promise of His coming  
d) The reality of the resurrection

44. How does Peter describe moral decay in 2 Peter 2:19? a) As a path to prosperity  
b) As bondage  
c) As enlightenment  
d) As inevitable

45. What kind of knowledge does Peter stress as important in 2 Peter 1:2? a) Knowledge of philosophy  
b) Knowledge of worldly affairs  
c) Knowledge of Jesus Christ  
d) Knowledge of history

46. In 2 Peter 1:11, what will provide an entrance into the kingdom of Jesus? a) Wisdom  
b) Good deeds  
c) The sufficiency of God's grace  
d) Faithfulness
47. What analogy does Peter use in 2 Peter 3:9 to describe God's patience? a) A slow river  
b) A long-suffering parent  
c) A circled path  
d) A delayed train
48. In 2 Peter 2:10, who does Peter label as bold and self-willed? a) Prophets  
b) False teachers  
c) The apostles  
d) Believers
49. In 2 Peter 1:3, what is provided through the knowledge of Him who called us? a) Success  
b) Grace  
c) Everything for life and godliness  
d) Wealth
50. What does Peter say in 2 Peter 3:18 about the growth of knowledge? a) It is unimportant  
b) It should be passive  
c) It should be actively pursued  
d) It can lead to pride
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## Answers

1. c) Peter
2. c) Believers in various regions
3. b) The sufficiency of God's power
4. d) All of the above
5. b) To encourage believers
6. b) They secretly bring destruction
7. b) Freedom
8. b) The flood of Noah
9. c) As beloved
10. c) A time of destruction
11. a) To be diligent
12. b) Remind them of the truth
13. c) As moved by the Holy Spirit
14. a) Good deeds
15. c) The angels who sinned
16. b) A new Earth
17. c) His own desires

- 18.c) The angels who left their proper dwelling and the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah
- 19.c) Chapter 3
- 20.c) Knowledge of the truth of God
- 21.a) Their spiritual growth
- 22.c) It provides everything needed for life and godliness
- 23.b) The truth of the gospel
- 24.c) They enable believers to partake in the divine nature
- 25.b) A reminder
- 26.b) The lordship of Jesus Christ
- 27.c) Let anyone perish
- 28.d) All of the above
- 29.a) Through faith
- 30.b) The day of the Lord
- 31.c) Not to be deceived by them
- 32.b) The destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah
- 33.b) An abundant entry into the eternal kingdom
- 34.b) The restored creation
- 35.c) Fruitfulness in the knowledge of Jesus
- 36.b) Self-willed
- 37.b) As confirmation of God's word
- 38.c) Eternal
- 39.c) They spoke from God
- 40.b) As one who guides men
- 41.c) Being vigilant against their destructive ways
- 42.b) A servant and apostle of Jesus Christ
- 43.c) The promise of His coming
- 44.b) As bondage
- 45.c) Knowledge of Jesus Christ
- 46.d) Faithfulness
- 47.b) A long-suffering parent
- 48.b) False teachers
- 49.c) Everything for life and godliness
- 50.c) It should be actively pursued