

Multiple Choice Test: The Book of Joshua

Questions

1. Who succeeded Moses as the leader of the Israelites?
 - A) Aaron
 - B) Caleb
 - C) Joshua
 - D) Eli
2. What was the first city that the Israelites captured in the land of Canaan?
 - A) Jericho
 - B) Ai
 - C) Jerusalem
 - D) Hebron
3. What miraculous event occurred when the Israelites crossed the Jordan River?
 - A) The waters parted
 - B) A storm arose
 - C) An earthquake occurred
 - D) A rainbow appeared
4. What was the main strategy used to conquer Jericho?
 - A) Direct assault
 - B) Deceit
 - C) Surrounding the city and marching around it
 - D) Using catapults
5. Who was the harlot that helped the Israelite spies in Jericho?
 - A) Rahab
 - B) Miriam
 - C) Debra
 - D) Ruth
6. How many times did the Israelites march around Jericho on the final day before its walls fell?
 - A) 5
 - B) 6
 - C) 7
 - D) 12
7. What was the condition placed upon Rahab for helping the spies?
 - A) She must leave Jericho
 - B) She must remain in her home and hang a scarlet cord
 - C) She must give up her possessions
 - D) She must become a servant

8.What sin did Achan commit that led to Israel's defeat at Ai?

- A) Idolatry
- B) Adultery
- C) Stealing devoted things
- D) Murder

9.How did Joshua ultimately defeat the city of Ai?

- A) Trojan horse
- B) Surprise attack
- C) Set an ambush
- D) Siege

10.What covenant did the Israelites renew at Mount Ebal and Mount Gerizim?

- A) The Noahic Covenant
- B) The Abrahamic Covenant
- C) The Mosaic Covenant
- D) The Davidic Covenant

11.Who was the king of Jerusalem that formed a coalition against the Israelites?

- A) Adonizedek
- B) Jabin
- C) Sisera
- D) Og

12.God caused what to happen in order to assist Joshua in his battle against the Amorites?

- A) Rain
- B) Hailstones
- C) The sun to stand still
- D) A plague

13.How many cities of refuge were established in Canaan?

- A) 3
- B) 6
- C) 12
- D) 10

14.Who were the two and a half tribes that settled east of the Jordan River?

- A) Reuben, Gad, and half of Manasseh
- B) Judah, Benjamin, and Levi
- C) Ephraim, Dan, and Naphtali
- D) Simeon, Issachar, and Zebulun

15.What was the main duty of the Levites in the Promised Land?

- A) Military leaders
- B) Farmers

- C) Priests and servants of the Tabernacle
- D) Judges

16. Who received the city of Hebron as his inheritance?

- A) Caleb
- B) Joshua
- C) Ephraim
- D) Levi

17. How many tribes received their land allocations by lot?

- A) 10
- B) 12
- C) 11
- D) 15

18. What was significant about the land of Canaan according to God's promise?

- A) It was a land of milk and honey
- B) It was a desert wasteland
- C) It was inhabited by giants
- D) It was distant and isolated

19. What was the name of the high priest during Joshua's leadership?

- A) Eleazar
- B) Aaron
- C) Samuel
- D) Abiathar

20. How did the Israelites commemorate their crossing of the Jordan?

- A) Built an altar of stones
- B) Sang a song of praise
- C) Offered sacrifices
- D) None of the above

21. Which tribe received no land inheritance but was given cities to dwell in?

- A) Judah
- B) Levi
- C) Benjamin
- D) Simeon

22. How did the Israelites determine the boundaries of the land?

- A) Prophecy
- B) Divine revelation
- C) Surveys and measurements
- D) By military conquest

23. What was the main reason Canaan was filled with enemies when the Israelites arrived?

- A) They were strong warriors

- B) They worshiped other gods
- C) They were wicked people judged by God
- D) They had superior technology

24. Whose bones were buried in Shechem?

- A) Joseph
- B) Moses
- C) Joshua
- D) Isaac

25. What did Joshua challenge the Israelites to do in his farewell address?

- A) Fight all their enemies
- B) Choose who they would serve
- C) Build a temple
- D) Settle in different lands

26. How did the eastern tribes demonstrate their loyalty to the western tribes?

- A) Built an altar by the Jordan
- B) Fought alongside them
- C) Provided food and supplies
- D) Sent emissaries to negotiate

27. What was the key theme throughout the Book of Joshua?

- A) God's faithfulness and the people's obedience
- B) The history of Israel
- C) The laws of Moses
- D) The prophecies of future kings

28. What was God's assurance to Joshua as he led the Israelites?

- A) That he would never face opposition
- B) That he would always provide food
- C) That he would be with him wherever he went
- D) That he would have unlimited power

29. Which city did the Gibeonites deceive the Israelites into making a covenant with?

- A) Jericho
- B) Gibeon
- C) Hebron
- D) Ai

30. How did the Israelites discover the Gibeonites had deceived them?

- A) By a witness
- B) By God's revelation
- C) By their distinct clothing
- D) By their old provisions

31. What command did Joshua give to the people regarding the cities they were to inherit?

- A) To offer their first fruits
- B) To completely wipe out their inhabitants
- C) To build a temple
- D) To celebrate every year

32. How did Joshua respond to the crisis when the Gibeonites came to him?

- A) He ignored them
- B) He sought God's counsel
- C) He made them servants
- D) He attacked their city

33. What important event happened at Mount Ebal and Mount Gerizim?

- A) A sacrificial offering
- B) The blessings and curses were read
- C) The conquering of enemies
- D) The construction of a temple

34. Who were the primary enemies of the Israelites during their conquest?

- A) The Egyptians
- B) The Philistines
- C) The Canaanite tribes
- D) The Assyrians

35. What sign did God give to show His support of Joshua's leadership?

- A) Pillar of fire
- B) Cloud by day
- C) The sun standing still
- D) Loaves of bread appearing

36. Which of these cities was not part of the conquests in the Book of Joshua?

- A) Jericho
- B) Ai
- C) Babylon
- D) Hazor

37. What was the significant promise God made to Joshua?

- A) Every enemy will fall before you
- B) You will live forever
- C) The land will always remain in your control
- D) You will lead without any challenges

38. What was the inheritance given to Caleb as a reward for his faithfulness?

- A) The best land
- B) The city of Hebron

- C) Cities of refuge
- D) Land east of the Jordan

39. What happened to the kings that opposed Israel's invasion?

- A) They were fortified
- B) They fled to other nations
- C) They were captured and executed
- D) They made treaties

40. Who led the Israelites in the charge against Ai?

- A) Phinehas
- B) Joshua
- C) Eleazar
- D) Caleb

41. What was the purpose of the cities of refuge?

- A) To shelter the poor
- B) To provide safe haven for unintentional murderers
- C) To house fallen soldiers
- D) To celebrate victories

42. Where did Joshua call for a gathering of the tribes for his farewell speech?

- A) Gilgal
- B) Shechem
- C) Bethel
- D) Jericho

43. How did the Israelites divide the land of Canaan?

- A) By population
- B) By family lineage
- C) By casting lots
- D) By tribal strength

44. What did Joshua remind the Israelites about the covenant with God?

- A) It was only for Moses
- B) It required complete devotion
- C) It could be changed
- D) It was obsolete

45. How did God assist Joshua in the battle of Jericho?

- A) He caused confusion among the enemy
- B) He sent angels to fight
- C) He made their weapons invincible
- D) He caused the walls to collapse

46. What did the term "Herem" refer to in the context of the conquests?

- A) A festival

- B) Devotion to destruction
- C) A type of sacrifice
- D) A divine blessing

47. How did Joshua demonstrate his farewell leadership?

- A) By waging war
- B) By dividing the land and giving a speech
- C) By constructing buildings
- D) By appointing new leaders

48. What was the role of the Ark of the Covenant in the crossing of the Jordan?

- A) It served as a weapon
- B) It symbolized God's presence
- C) It was used as payment
- D) It collected offerings

49. What underlying lesson can be learned from the Book of Joshua?

- A) Victory comes from military strength
- B) Obedience to God leads to blessing
- C) Leadership is about power
- D) Trust in humanity

50. How did the Israelites react after Joshua's leadership was concluded?

- A) They turned away from God
- B) They divided into factions
- C) They followed God and his commandments
- D) They returned to Egypt

Answer Key

- 1. C) Joshua
- 2. A) Jericho
- 3. A) The waters parted
- 4. C) Surrounding the city and marching around it
- 5. A) Rahab
- 6. C) 7
- 7. B) She must remain in her home and hang a scarlet cord
- 8. C) Stealing devoted things
- 9. C) Set an ambush
- 10. C) The Mosaic Covenant
- 11. A) Adonizedek
- 12. C) The sun to stand still
- 13. B) 6
- 14. A) Reuben, Gad, and half of Manasseh

- 15.C) Priests and servants of the Tabernacle
- 16.A) Caleb
- 17.B) 12
- 18.A) It was a land of milk and honey
- 19.A) Eleazar
- 20.A) Built an altar of stones
- 21.B) Levi
- 22.C) Surveys and measurements
- 23.C) They were wicked people judged by God
- 24.A) Joseph
- 25.B) Choose who they would serve
- 26.A) Built an altar by the Jordan
- 27.A) God's faithfulness and the people's obedience
- 28.C) That he would be with him wherever he went
- 29.B) Gibeon
- 30.A) By a witness
- 31.B) To completely wipe out their inhabitants
- 32.B) He sought God's counsel
- 33.B) The blessings and curses were read
- 34.C) The Canaanite tribes
- 35.C) The sun standing still
- 36.C) Babylon
- 37.A) Every enemy will fall before you
- 38.B) The city of Hebron
- 39.C) They were captured and executed
- 40.B) Joshua
- 41.B) To provide safe haven for unintentional murderers
- 42.B) Shechem
- 43.C) By casting lots
- 44.B) It required complete devotion
- 45.D) He caused the walls to collapse
- 46.B) Devotion to destruction
- 47.B) By dividing the land and giving a speech
- 48.B) It symbolized God's presence
- 49.B) Obedience to God leads to blessing
- 50.C) They followed God and his commandments